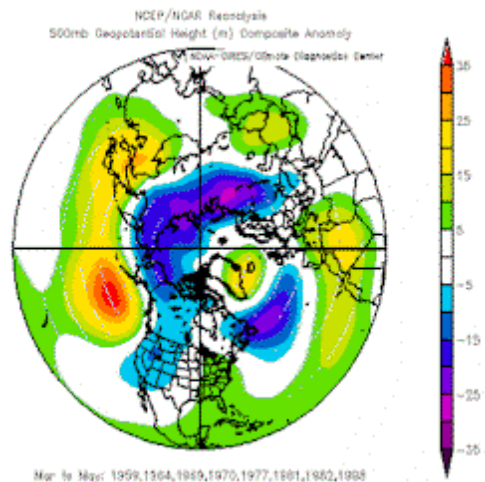


The Pennsylvania Observer

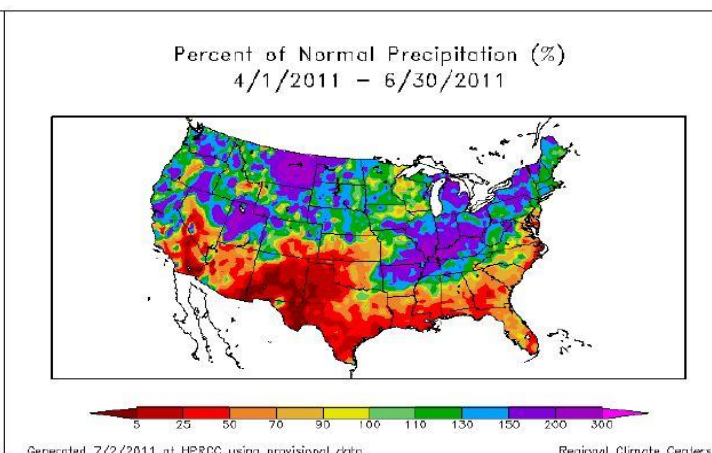
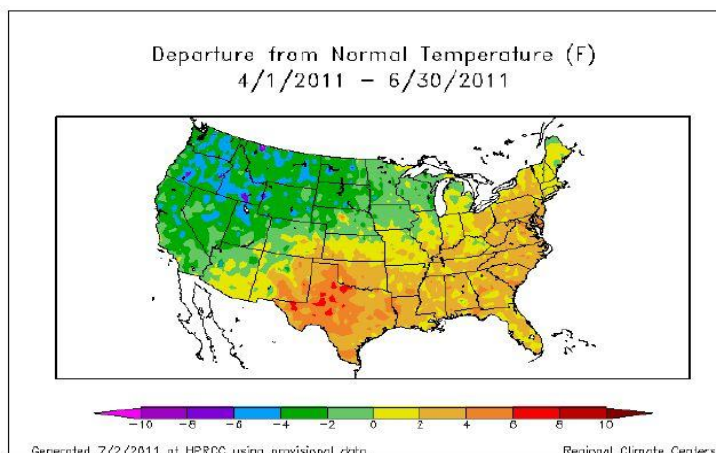
The Pennsylvania State Climatologist



FEATURED CLIMATE HIGHLIGHT

This month's climate highlight provides a glimpse of the fall conditions based on the unusual nature of the spring anomalies across the middle and western part of the country.

The spring months of April, May and June have found remarkable juxtaposition of hot and cool as well as wet and dry conditions.

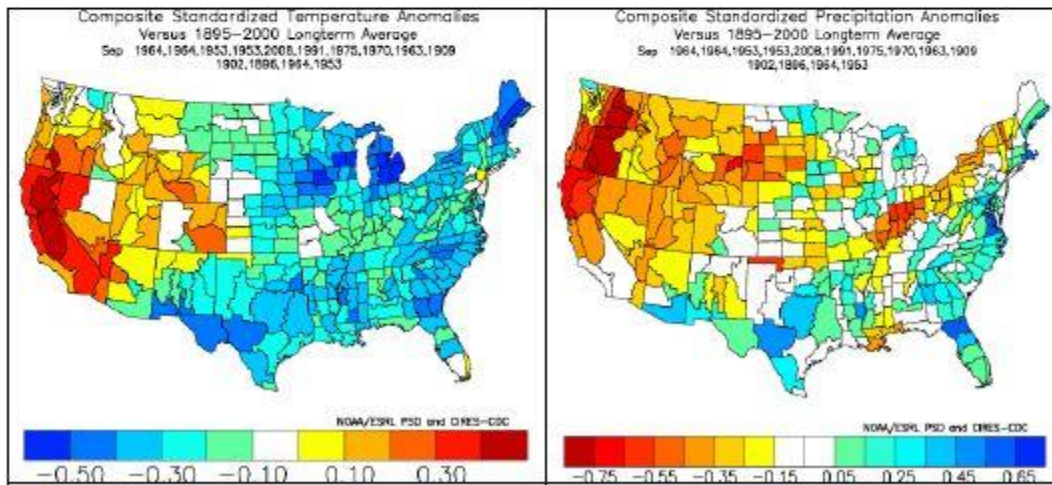


When selecting Heat in Texas, Chill in Idaho, Dry in New Mexico and Wet in Montana, the following are the 'similar years':

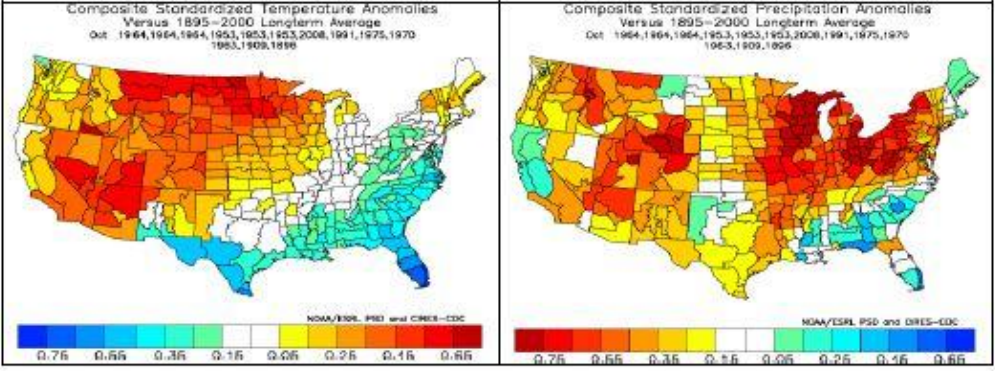
TX Heat	ID Chill	NM Dry	MT Wet
73.7	2010	49.3	1.64
74.033	2008	49.333	1.78
75.7	2006	49.467	1.81
73.6	2003	49.133	1.09
74.7	2002	48.733	0.78
74.3	2001	49.433	1.61
73.9	2000	49.167	1.54
74.767	1998	46.867	0.96
74.667	1996	49.6	1.33
73.7	1991	49.367	1.84
73.667	1990	48.867	1.44
74.1	1978	49.767	1.66
73.367	1974	48.267	1.92
74.267	1967	49.767	1.54
73.733	1964	47.867	1.86
74.933	1963	47.3	1.4
74.1	1956	48.267	1.84
73.767	1955	48.367	1.72
73.367	1954	49.1	1.38
74	1953	49.267	0.99
75.033	1948	49.7	1.9
73.8	1943	49.7	1.89
73.7	1939	48.2	1.47
74.6	1934	46.667	1.69
74.633	1927	48.633	1.7
75.233	1925	49.2	1.8
73.4	1918	48.767	1.51
73.5	1911	49.767	1.23
75.267	1902	48.267	1.2
75.667	1896	48.7	1.35

1964, 1953 - ALL FOUR COMMON
 2008, 1991, 1975, 1970, 1963, 1927, 1909, 1902 and 1896 - THREE IN COMMON

The Septembers that follows show the following anomalies across the nation:



The Octobers that follow show the following anomalies across the nation:



The main message is cooler than average for much of Pennsylvania in September and a very dry October for much of this region.